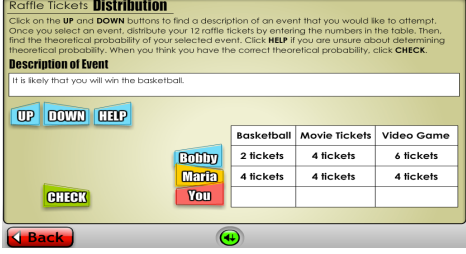
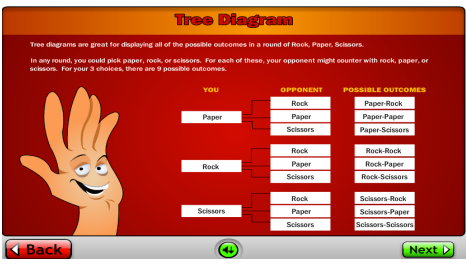


Grade 6 Data Management and Probability

Ontario Educational Resources Bank (OERB) Activities

Data Management																																					
Activity	Description																																				
<p style="text-align: center;">Animal Olympics Part 3: Comparing Different Graphical Representations of Race Times</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; color: red; font-weight: bold;">Animal Race Times</p> <p style="font-size: small;">The table below lists all of the animals that completed the 100 metre race and their individual times for one trial. Click on the buttons below to see different graphical representations of the same data.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; font-size: x-small;"> <thead> <tr> <th>ANIMAL</th> <th>TIME(s)</th> <th>ANIMAL</th> <th>TIME(s)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>mouse</td><td>27.94</td><td>lion</td><td>4.46</td></tr> <tr><td>zebra</td><td>5.58</td><td>chicken</td><td>24.85</td></tr> <tr><td>pig</td><td>20.29</td><td>greyhound</td><td>5.69</td></tr> <tr><td>cheetah</td><td>3.19</td><td>squirrel</td><td>18.64</td></tr> <tr><td>rabbit</td><td>6.38</td><td>giraffe</td><td>6.99</td></tr> <tr><td>elephant</td><td>8.93</td><td>human</td><td>9.68</td></tr> <tr><td>grey fox</td><td>5.33</td><td>kangaroo</td><td>7.46</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; color: red;">stem-and-leaf plot bar graph broken-line graph</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; color: red;">Back</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">Resource ID: ELO1411600</p>	ANIMAL	TIME(s)	ANIMAL	TIME(s)	mouse	27.94	lion	4.46	zebra	5.58	chicken	24.85	pig	20.29	greyhound	5.69	cheetah	3.19	squirrel	18.64	rabbit	6.38	giraffe	6.99	elephant	8.93	human	9.68	grey fox	5.33	kangaroo	7.46	<p>Build understanding of how to organize data by comparing different graphical representations of the same animal race data.</p>				
ANIMAL	TIME(s)	ANIMAL	TIME(s)																																		
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<p style="text-align: center;">Graphing Temperature Over Time</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; color: red; font-weight: bold;">Continuous Line Graph and Continuous Data</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">A continuous line graph consists of an unbroken line where the horizontal x-axis and the vertical y-axis both represent continuous data. Unlike discrete data, there are no gaps between continuous data such as distance, time, height, mass and temperature. It can be any number that falls within the range of the data, including decimals and fractions. Continuous line graphs are ideal for displaying the relationship between temperature and time as it changes throughout the day. Notice that time is along the x-axis and temperature is on the y-axis.</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">Many weather websites, including Environment Canada, forecast temperatures every hour. Visit a popular weather website, collect some data on hourly temperatures, and click Next to create your own continuous line graph comparing temperature over time.</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">If you do not have access to a weather website, click here to link to some Canadian weather data.</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; color: red;">Back</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; color: green;">Next</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">Resource ID: ELO1411630</p>	<p>Practise creating continuous line graphs by collecting data or using a given data set of temperatures over time.</p>																																				
<p style="text-align: center;">Hockey Ratio Madness</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; color: red; font-weight: bold;">Hockey Ratio Madness</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">During the regular season, each team in the district hockey league played five games. Fill out the table to see the ratio of goals scored to the number of shots on goal for the Land of Lakes hockey team. Use the mouse to drag the pucks into the correct spot in the table and then fill in the ratio column.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; font-size: x-small;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Game</th> <th>Goals Scored</th> <th>Shots on Goal</th> <th>Ratio</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Game 1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Game 2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Game 3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Game 4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Game 5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: x-small; text-align: center;"> Game 4 Goals 18 Game 4 Shots 18 Game 3 Goals 1 Game 5 Goals 2 Game 3 Shots 24 Game 1 Shots 21 Game 1 Goals 3 Game 2 Shots 17 Game 2 Goals 1 Game 5 Shots 24 </p> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; color: red;">Back</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; color: orange;">Load Audio</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">Resource ID: ELO1413590</p>	Game	Goals Scored	Shots on Goal	Ratio	Game 1				Game 2				Game 3				Game 4				Game 5				<p>Build understanding of ratio by using hockey statistics, such as goals scored versus shots on net.</p>												
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Game 2																																					
Game 3																																					
Game 4																																					
Game 5																																					
<p style="text-align: center;">Mean Heights of Boys and Girls? How do They Measure Up?</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; color: red; font-weight: bold;">Table of Mean (Average) Heights</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">Hi! Have you wondered how tall you will be when you are fully grown? Here is a table of mean (or average) heights in centimetres for youths at different ages.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; font-size: x-small;"> <thead> <tr> <th>AVERAGE HEIGHT</th> <th>AGE</th> <th>0 Years</th> <th>2 Years</th> <th>4 Years</th> <th>6 Years</th> <th>8 Years</th> <th>10 Years</th> <th>12 Years</th> <th>14 Years</th> <th>16 Years</th> <th>18 Years</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="color: red;">GIRLS</td> <td></td> <td>52</td> <td>68</td> <td>88</td> <td>101</td> <td>115</td> <td>128</td> <td>138</td> <td>156</td> <td>162</td> <td>165</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="color: red;">BOYS</td> <td></td> <td>52</td> <td>69</td> <td>102</td> <td>117</td> <td>128</td> <td>141</td> <td>155</td> <td>168</td> <td>174</td> <td>178</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: x-small;">A table is an organized arrangement of data that can be referred to easily. Tables can help you interpret and draw conclusions about data. This table organizes age, gender, and height in vertical columns and horizontal rows.</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; color: red;">Back</p> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold; color: green;">Next</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">Resource ID: ELO1411620</p>	AVERAGE HEIGHT	AGE	0 Years	2 Years	4 Years	6 Years	8 Years	10 Years	12 Years	14 Years	16 Years	18 Years	GIRLS		52	68	88	101	115	128	138	156	162	165	BOYS		52	69	102	117	128	141	155	168	174	178	<p>Practise reading and interpreting data by examining a table and a broken line graph about the mean (average) heights of boys and girls of different ages.</p>
AVERAGE HEIGHT	AGE	0 Years	2 Years	4 Years	6 Years	8 Years	10 Years	12 Years	14 Years	16 Years	18 Years																										
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Grade 6 Data Management and Probability Ontario Educational Resources Bank (OERB) Activities

Probability	
Activity	Description
<p style="text-align: center;">Probability at the School Raffle</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Resource ID: ELO1411380</p>	<p>Build understanding of theoretical probability by determining the probability of outcomes in a school raffle.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Rock, Paper, Scissors</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Resource ID: ELO1411470</p>	<p>Build understanding of theoretical probability by using tree diagrams to represent the possible outcomes of the game Rock, Paper, Scissors.</p>